●工学部(電子情報工学科/電気工学科) ●情報工学部(情報工学科/情報通信工学科/ システムマネジメント学科)

(3教科型・2月9日実施分)

(解答:61ページ)

問題	次の各文の下線部に	に最も近い意味を表す	す語を①~④から1つ選	び、マークしなさ	いいろ
(1)	His habit of gambling	<u>brought about</u> his i	ruin.		[1]
	① missed	② caused	3 liked	4 sent	
(2)	We got through with	our work.			[2]
	1) finished	② denied	3 canceled	(4) abolished	
(3)	We set up the compa	ny last year.			[3]
	① calculated	② removed	3 understood	4 established	
(4)	Their proposal is out	of the question.			[4]
	① impossible	2 possible	③ productive	4 important	
(5)	They were <u>ruled out</u> .				[5]
	① surprised	2 moved	③ excluded	4 satisfied	
(6)	He came by a lot of for	ortune.			[6]
	① endured	2 obtained	3 gave	4 sent	
(7)	In the end he built a house.				
	① Incidentally	2 Suddenly	3 Eventually	4 Fortunately	
問題2) 次の夕知の苦力が	おば同い音吐にわる。	ように、文中の()	に入れるべき最	才 () 容
回起 4		ら1つ選び、マーク		に入れるいる取	の通
(1)			Caev.		
(1)	I saw John. He was ru				7 03
	I saw John () in t ① to be running	he park. ② be running	③ to run	4 running	[8]
(2)	He did his best; other	O	_	+ running	
(2)), he would not have			[9]
	① if he haven't done l		② if he won't do his b	est	[9]
	3 if he hadn't done h		4 if he doesn't do his		
(3)	I have as much as ¥2		-		
, ,	I have () ¥20,000			ľ	[10]
	① no more than		③ no less than	4 less than	-

(4)	We have hardly any friends here now.				
	We have () frie	nds here now.			[11]
	① many	② much	3 good	4 few	
(5)	She couldn't pass th	ne entrance examina	tion last year.		
	She () to pass the	he entrance examina	ation last year.		[12]
	1) happened	② failed	③ succeeded	④ remembere	d
(6)	They didn't talk to t	he point.			
	They didn't talk ().			[13]
	① eagerly	② roughly	3 properly	4 easily	
(7)	The sad news came	out of the blue.			
	The sad news came	().			[14]
	${\small \textcircled{1}} \ unexpectedly$	② soon	③ rarely	4 clearly	
問題 3	3 次の各文の()に入れるべき最幸	も適切なものを①~④カ	いら1つ選び、マ	ークし
	なさい。				
(1)	I'm majoring ()	mathematics at univ	versity.		[15]
	① from	② in	3 at	④ on	
(2)	We have been think	king () what to d	lo next for two hours.		[16]
	① over	② around	③ within	4 for	
(3)	This question of ph	ysics is hard to figur	re ().		[17]
	① in	② up	③ out	4 down	
(4)	We have to () d	lown expenses soon.			[18]
	① make	② show	③ cut	4 fall	
(5)	I think I left my wal	let () at home.			[19]
	1) behind	② on	③ over	4 with	
(6)	_	over by a car there.	_		[20]
	① disappointed	② given	③ suffered	④ run	
問題 4			x語の意味に相当するす		
			語句を①~④から1つ	選び、マークした	まざい。
		そる語も小文字にして	てある。		
(1)	彼はおいとましよう				F0.43
)(*)().		0.1	[21]
	(1) leave	(2) to	(3) was	④ about l	

(2)	彼はとてもお腹がすいていたので何か食べものが欲しかった。		問題	[5 次の各文の文法的に誤っている箇所を①~④から1つ選び、マークしなさい。
	He ()(*)(*)() wanted something to eat.		[22] (1)	I think you should gain as many information regarding medical science as possible. [31]
	[① he ② so hungry ③ that	④ was]		
(3)	私の母が亡くなってから7年になります。			He said that he had hired the boat by an hour at the lake. [32]
	It ()($*$)($*$) my mother passed away.		[23]	U & W
	[① seven years ② has ③ since	④ been]	(3)	There <u>is</u> also a new scheme <u>where</u> allows you <u>to give</u> sums of \$100 <u>or more</u> to the charity. [33]
(4)	どのチームが優勝旗を勝ち取るかはわからない。			U Ø 3 #
	()()($*$)() which team will win the penna	ant.	$[24] \tag{4}$	Three of the ten <u>competitors</u> won <u>prizes</u> , but <u>an</u> others <u>got</u> nothing. [34]
	[① telling ② is ③ there	④ no]		() (2) (3) (4)
(5)	彼女はドイツ語ばかりでなくフランス語も話せます。		(5)	One thing you can $\underline{\underline{be}}$ sure $\underline{\underline{of}}$ $\underline{\underline{are}}$ that the writer knows the words $\underline{\underline{very well}}$. (35)
	She can $()()(*)().$		[25]	① ② ③ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	[① French ② as well as ③ German	④ speak]	問題	[6 次の会話が成り立つように、() に入れるべき最も適切なものを①~④から
(6)	私のコンピュータの調子が悪いです。			1つ選び、マークしなさい。
	()(*)(*) my computer.		[26]	A: Excuse me, but where can I find the museum?
	[$\textcircled{1}$ is $\textcircled{2}$ something $\textcircled{3}$ with	④ wrong]		B: Go down this street. () left at the first traffic light and you'll see it on the
(7)	今すぐ彼女に手紙を書いたほうがよいでしょう。			right.
	You ()(*)() to her at once.		[27]	① Right
	[① well ② as ③ may	④ write]		② Turn
(8)	寒いといけないから暖かい衣類を持って行きなさい。			3 Watch
	Take warm clothes ()()($*$)().		[28]	④ Do
	[① the weather ② cold ③ is	④ in case]	(2	A: Would you have another cup of coffee?
(9)	君の腕時計は机の上にもあの棚の上にもない。			B: No, thank you. I've had ().
	Your watch is $()()(*)().$		[29]	① few
	[① on that shelf ② nor ③ on your desk	④ neither]		② a little
(10)	その警察官は泥棒の腕をつかみました。			③ enough
	The policeman ()()($*$)().		[30]	④ less
	[① the robber ② by ③ the arm	④ caught]	(3	A: What has become of her?
				B:()
				① None of your business.
				② Yes, with pleasure.
				③ I'm a stranger here.
				④ Do you have a table for three?

(4)	A: I'm sorry to have kept you waiting for a long time.				
	B:()	[39]			
	① Watch out.				
	② Please give my kind regards to your father.				
	③ It never snows in this area.				
	④ Never mind.				
(5)	A: Hi, John. How are you doing?				
	B: Not so well, I'm afraid.				
	A: Really? What's the matter?				
	B: () I have to see a doctor.	[40]			
	① That's too bad.				
	② I've got a fever.				
	3 Have you ever been to America?				
	④ You look pale.				

この問題は著作権の都合により掲載できませんでした。

問題7 次の英文を読んで、下記の設問に答えなさい。



設問1

本文中の空所(a) \sim (c) に入れるべき最も適切な語を $\hat{\mathbb{Q}}$ \sim $\hat{\mathbb{Q}}$ から 1 つ選び、マークしなさい。

(a)	① at	② of	3 on	4 in	[41]
(b)	1 for	② in	3 from	4 of	[42]
(С)	1 through	② from	③ over	4 on	[43]

設問2

本文中の下線部(1) pop by と最も近い意味を表すものを①~④から 1 つ選び、マークしなさい。

① listen to ② stop by ③ look at ④ give up 【44】

設問3

次の $1\sim6$ の各文で、本文の内容と-致するものは①に、-致しないものは②にマークしな さい。

- 1. The author tried blowing hot air at the mosquito bite with a hair dryer, but the itch didn't disappear. [45]
- 2. The author doesn't know the home remedy to stop coughing. [46]
- 3. To rub some toothpaste for sensitive teeth on the tooth and gums is one of the home remedies. [47]
- 4. According to the author, we have to provide a scientific explanation for a home remedy. [48]
- 5. The author's mother would boil up some barley water when the author had a sore throat. [49]
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{6}}.$ The author thinks that home remedies cause family members to be bound together.

[50]

●工学部(生命環境化学科/知能機械工学科) ●情報工学部(情報システム工学科) ●社会環境学部(社会環境学科)

(3教科型・2月10日実施分)

(解答:61ページ)

問題 1	次の各文の下線	部に最も近い音味を	表すものを①~②から	51つ選び、マークしなさ
IPJAZS I	い。	即に致し近く 恋然に	2	71720, 1 7080
(1)	-	w how this accident	came about.	[1]
	① stopped		② finished	
	3 happened		(4) changed	
(2)	Bill didn't get over	the death of his motl	her soon.	[2]
	① catch	② overcome	③ take	④ make
(3)	Our boss promised	to look into these pr	oblems.	[3]
	① examine	② ignore	③ explain	4 talk about
(4)	You are not suppos	ed to stand here. W	e need to keep socia	l distancing. [4]
	① are not allowed to	0	② are not requested	Ito
	3 are not told to		(4) are not asked to	
(5)	We are all but read	y.		[5]
	① hardly	② only	3 almost	4 rarely
(6)	I was brought up in	a small town in Fuk	uoka.	[6]
	① bore	② born	③ raised	4 risen
問題2	次の各組の英文が	ほぼ同じ意味になる	ように、文中の () に入れるべき最も適切
	な語句を①~④か	ら1つ選び、マーク	しなさい。	
(1)	Linda went to New	York in order to stud	ly musical.	
	Linda went to New	York () of	f studying musical.	[7]
	① for the purpose		② in case	
	③ so as		④ in the order	
(2)	We were disappoin	ted that the concert	was canceled.	
	() our di	sappointment, the co	oncert was canceled.	[8]
	① То	② On	③ In	4 From

(3)	I don't know the distance from here to the nearest station.					
	I have no idea () from here to the nearest station.					
	${\mathbin{\mathbin{\widehat{\bot}}}}$ how to go	② how far it is	3 as far it is	④ how far is		
(4)	He said to me, "Did you sleep well last night?"					
	He () w	ell the night before	<u>.</u>		[10]	
	① asked me that y	ou slept	② told me if you	slept		
	③ asked me if I ha	d slept	$\ensuremath{\mathfrak{G}}$ told me that I	had slept		
(5)	If I were you, I'd I	oe more careful.				
	(), I'd b	e more careful.			[11]	
	① Am I you		② Were I in you	r place		
	3 Had I been you		4 Were it in you	ır place		
問題 3				び、マー クしなさい。		
(1)	My wife's salary is	s not so expensive $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\text{as my son's.}}{3}$		[12]	
(0)		1 6			[10]	
(2)	A considerable nu	$\frac{\text{mber}}{2}$ of money $\frac{\text{wa}}{3}$	$\frac{s}{4}$ invested $\frac{s}{4}$ childre	en's education.	[13]	
(3)	The man looked s	a curprise after his	daughter's presents	otion	[14]	
(3)			daughter's presenta	ation.	[14]	
(4)	Don't you think th	e singer resembles	to her father-in-law	?	[15]	
(- /	1 2	<u> </u>	4	- ·	1101	
(5)	A friend of mine t	alks as though she	know everything ab	out movies.	[16]	
	1	2	3	<u>4</u>		
(6)	The bike whose Jo	hn was so fond of	had been bought by	his father.	[17]	
	1	<u>②</u>	3 4			
(7)	Each of the privat	e rooms in this hos	pital <u>have</u> a telepho	ne and \underline{a} television.	[18]	
	1	2	3	4		
問題 4	4 文中の()に入れるべき	最も適切な語句を①	~④から1つ選び、マ	ークし	
	なさい。					
(1)	() the l	ady comes to this r	estaurant, she order	rs the same dish.		
	① Whenever	② Wherever	3 Whatever	4 However	[19]	
(2)	My aunt has two	diamond rings. One	is her engagement	ring and (
	is a present from	her children.			[20]	
	1 another	② other	3 the other	4 others		

(3)	Lucy introduced () when we	e met in the theate	r.	[21]
	① her husband us		② her husband t	o us	
	3 us her husband		4 her husband f	or us	
(4)	I can't understand	this book fully, and	() Mary	<i>r</i> .	[22]
	① so can	② either can	$\ensuremath{\Im}$ neither can	4 both can	
(5)	It was such a warn	n and pleasant day to	o play outside, but	there were ()
	children in the par	k.			[23]
	① not many	② a good few	③ quite a few	4 not a few	
(6)	I want to study abi	road after I () from universi	ty.	[24]
	① graduate	② will graduate	$\ensuremath{\Im}$ graduating	4 to graduate	
(7)	Today on my way	back home I was () by a str	anger.	[25]
	① spoken	② spoken with	③ spoken to	4 spoken ill	
(8)	My sister is putting	g a lot of posters () the walls of her room.		
	① in	② on	3 from	④ at	
(9)	I have been looking	g forward () you soon.		[27]
	① see	② seeing	3 to see	4 to seeing	
(10)	"Your jacket is like	Tom's, isn't it?"			
	"Yes, ours are exac	ctly ()."			[28]
	① dislike	② likely	③ alike	4 unlike	
問題:	5 次の会話が成り	立つように、最も適	≦切なものを①~④ ;	から1つ選び、マーク	りしなさ
	V _°				
(1)	A: Excuse me. Is a	nybody sitting here	?		
	B: No, () Go ahead.			[29]
	A: Thank you.				
	① I'm afraid it's i	not vacant.	② it's not taken.		
	③ it's occupied.		④ I think it's a re	served seat	
(2)	A: Turn down the	TV, Dad. I'm doing n	my homework.		
		lidn't hear you.			[30]
	A: I said the TV wa	as so loud.			
	B: Oh, sorry.				
	① How come?		② Come again?		
	3 That's too bad		④ Do you unders	stand me?	

(3)	A: Hello.				
	B: Hello. This is Joan Adams. Can I speak to Mrs. Johnson, please?				
	A: Oh, how are you doing, Joan? () I'll call her right away.	[31]		
	① Just a moment.	② Who's calling, please.			
	3 You're welcome.	4 So long.			
(4)	A: You look busy. Let me help you ou	t, Mary.			
	B: () I can do it by myself.		[32]		
	① I'm not sure.	② Don't bother.			
	3 Yes, quickly.	④ You bet.			
(5)	A: Will you show me around Fukuoka	a City?			
	B: Sure thing. ([33]		
	① I'd rather not.	② I'd be going.			
	③ I'd be glad to.	4 I'd be pleasing.			
(6)	A: Excuse me. How can I get into Fuk	uoka Tower?			
	B:()		[34]		
	A: Okay, one adult, please.				
	B: That'll be 800 yen.				
	$\ensuremath{\mathbbm 0}$ You should ask another person th	ere.			
	② What do you mean?				
	3 Oh, you do?				
	④ Please buy a ticket here.				
(7)	A: Do you have this in smaller size?				
	B: Let me check.				
	\langle Two minutes later. \rangle				
	B: How about this one?				
	A: Okay. I'll take it. ([35]		
	B: 4,400 yen.				
	① How does it cost?	② How much is it cost?			
	3 How much is it?	① What is this one cost?			

問題6 []内の語句を並べかえて、日本語の意味に相当する英文を完成するとき、前か ら3番目の(*)に入る語句を①~④から1つ選び、マークしなさい。

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(a) 1 Likewise

2 Instead 3 Also

[41] 4 Moreover

(b) ① as for

2 contrary to

③ like

4 regardless of [42]

(c) ① For example

2 However

[43]

3 On the other hand

4 This way

設問2

下線部(1)、(2)の単語のアクセントがある箇所の母音と同じ発音を持つ単語を①~④から 1つ選び、マークしなさい。

(1) society

① close

2 wisdom

3 discover

4 science

patterns

[45]

[44]

① attention

2 chapter

3 available

4 observe

設問3

20

次の1~5の各文で、本文の内容と一致するものは①に、一致しないものは②にマークしな さい。

1. エリザベスが子供の頃ハワイで面倒を見てもらっていた周りの大人達は、空を眺め、

風を感じ、自ら天気を予測していた。

[46]

2. エリザベスは、先住民族の伝統や文化を保護したいと考えている。

[47]

3. エリザベスは、先住民族の文化が誤解されているため、彼らの文化をより深く理解

し、自分たち欧米人の文化と融合する必要があると考えている。

[48]

4. エリザベスは、『モアナ』という映画がきっかけで自然界の情報のみを頼りにして

位置情報を得る方法を研究するようになった。

[49]

5. エリザベスは、世界中に古くから息づく知恵や知識から得られる教えを探し求めて

いる。

[50]